

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

ANNUAL AUDIT REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2024

**MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY
ANNUAL AUDIT REPORT**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Commissioners
March Inland Port Airport Authority
Riverside, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the March Inland Port Airport Authority (the Airport), a component unit of the March Joint Powers Authority (the Authority), as of and for the year June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position and cash flows of the Airport as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Airport and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Airport are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position and cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities and the proprietary fund types of the Authority that are attributable to the transactions of the Airport. They do not purport, and do not present fairly the financial position of the March JPA Authority as of June 30, 2024, the changes in its financial position, or its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described further in Note 10 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2025, the Authority recorded a prior period restatement. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Authority has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, for the year ended June 30, 2024. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Airport's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Airport's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Airport's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted *Management's Discussion and Analysis* for the Airport that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2025, on our consideration of the Airport's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Airport's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Davis Ferr LLP

Irvine, California
October 6, 2025

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

ASSETS

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,392,587
Receivable, net:	
Accounts	247,526
Total current assets	10,640,113

Noncurrent assets:

Leases receivable	76,521,817
Capital assets, not being depreciated	22,223,191
Capital assets, net of depreciation	20,838,106
Net OPEB Asset	8,121
Total noncurrent assets	119,591,235
Total assets	130,231,348

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pension related items	291,870
OPEB related items	49,158
Total deferred outflows of resources	341,028

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	105,150
Compensated absences	19,121
Total current liabilities	124,271

Noncurrent liabilities:

Compensated absences	57,362
Unearned revenue	20,833
Net pension liability	656,198
Advances from March Joint Powers Authority	4,464,763
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,199,156
Total liabilities	5,323,427

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Leases receivable related items	76,521,817
Pension related items	26,529
OPEB related items	50,594
Total deferred inflows of resources	76,598,940

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	43,061,297
Restricted for net OPEB asset	8,121
Unrestricted	5,580,591
Total net position	\$ 48,650,009

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2024

OPERATING REVENUES

Charges for services	\$ 737,960
Lease income	464,988
Permit fees	<u>3,000</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>1,205,948</u>

OPERATING EXPENSES

Administrative	824,560
Professional services	200,158
Salaries and employee benefits	663,997
Repairs and maintenance	75,384
Project improvement costs	237,789
Depreciation	783,795
Services and environmental fees	<u>16,240</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>2,801,923</u>
Operating income (loss)	(1,595,975)

NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

Intergovernmental revenue	104,264
Interest income - leases	65,196
Investment earnings	2,190,275
Interest expense	<u>(104,500)</u>
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>2,255,235</u>
Change in net position	659,260

NET POSITION

Net position - beginning, as previously reported	61,989,035
Restatement for correction of an error	<u>(13,998,286)</u>
Net position - beginning as restated	<u>47,990,749</u>
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 48,650,009</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash received from customers	\$ 3,079,712
Cash payments for employee services (salaries)	(582,696)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,415,204)
Cash received from Intergovernmental revenue	104,264

Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>1,186,076</u>
---	------------------

CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Advances to (from) other funds	<u>104,500</u>
--------------------------------	----------------

Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	<u>104,500</u>
---	----------------

CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Capital grants	<u>134,307</u>
----------------	----------------

Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	<u>134,307</u>
---	----------------

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,424,883
---	-----------

Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>8,967,704</u>
--	------------------

Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u><u>\$ 10,392,587</u></u>
--	-----------------------------

RECONCILIATION OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Change in net position	\$ 659,259
Adjustments to change in net position to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	
Depreciation	783,795
Interest expense	104,500
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable, net	(162,343)
(Increase) decrease in pension/OPEB related deferred outflows	12,532
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	12,663
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(118,904)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenues	(154,167)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	67,218
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability/asset	(29,432)
Increase (decrease) in pension/OPEB related deferred inflows	10,955

Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u><u>\$ 1,186,076</u></u>
--	----------------------------

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) Reporting Entity

The March Inland Port Airport Authority (the Airport) was formed on June 18, 1997 under a joint exercise of powers agreement between the cities of Perris, Moreno Valley, Riverside, and the County of Riverside for the purpose of formulating and implementing plans for the use and reuse of the property formerly known as March Air Force Base.

The Airport's office and records are located at 14205 Meridian Parkway, Suite 140, Riverside, California 92518.

The Airport Commissioners are as follows:

Name	Title	Representing
Edward Delgado	Chairman	City of Moreno Valley
Michael Vargas	Vice Chair	City of Perris
Chuck Conder	Commissioner	City of Riverside
Jim Perry	Commissioner	City of Riverside
Rita Rogers	Commissioner	City of Perris
Ulises Cabrera	Commissioner	City of Moreno Valley
Kevin Jeffries	Commissioner	County of Riverside
Dr. Yxstian Gutierrez	Commissioner	County of Riverside

The March Joint Powers Commission meets on the first and third Wednesday of each month.

B) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The Airport's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as they are applicable to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Airport reports its activities as an enterprise fund, which is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the Airport is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and space rentals. The Airport financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Proprietary funds, distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from those revenues and expenses that are nonoperating. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated by airport services, rents and leases while operating expenses pertain directly to the furnishing of those services. Non-operating revenues and expenses are those revenues and expenses generated that are not directly associated with the normal business of airport services, rents, and leases.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Airport's policy to use restricted first.

C) Cash and Cash Equivalents

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less are considered cash or cash equivalents.

D) Investments

As a governmental entity other than an external investment pool in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the Airport's investments are stated at fair value except for interest-earning investment contracts. As of June 30, 2024, the Airport held no investments therefore, no adjustment is reflected in these financial statements.

E) Uncollectible Accounts Receivable

The Airport uses the allowance method for uncollectible accounts receivable. Currently, the Airport believes all receivables are collectible based on prior experience. Therefore, there is no current allowance recorded.

F) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, building improvements, machinery, vehicles, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the statement of net position. Capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset's lives are not capitalized.

Major capital outlay for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. For debt-financed capital assets, interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalization value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Capital assets acquired through lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the date acquired.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F) Capital Assets (continued)

Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more, used in operations, are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position. The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class is as follows:

Building and improvements	7 - 50 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Office equipment and furniture	5 Years
Infrastructure	30 - 100 Years

G) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Airport has deferred outflows related to pensions, and OPEB. This includes pension and OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability and other amounts, which are amortized by an actuarial determined period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Airport has deferred inflows related to pensions, OPEB, and leases. These amounts are amortized by an actuarial determined period.

H) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, and expenses/expenditures, as appropriate, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(continued)

I) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Airport's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. The Airport's net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, represents the Airport's proportionate share of the March Joint Powers Airport's related amounts. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Period	July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024

J) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Airport's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are reported at fair value. The Airport's net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, represents the Airport's proportionate share of the March Joint Powers Airport's related amounts. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Period	July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K) Net Position

Generally accepted accounting principles requires that the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources be reported as net position. Net position is classified as either net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted.

Net position classified as net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding principal of related debt. Restricted net position is the net position that has external constraints placed on them by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

L) Relationship to the March Joint Powers Authority

The Airport is an integral part of the reporting entity of the March Joint Powers Authority (herein referred to as the Authority). The funds of the Airport have been blended within the financial statements of the March Joint Powers Authority because the Board of Commissioners is the governing board of the Airport and exercises control over the operations of the Airport. Only the funds of the Airport are included herein, therefore, these financial statements do not purport to represent the financial position or results of operations of the March Joint Powers Authority.

M) Compensated Absences

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, a liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payment upon termination or retirement. All leave benefits are accrued when incurred. The balance as of June 30, 2024 was \$76,483.

	<u>Beginning balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending balance</u>	<u>Due within one year</u>
Compensated absences	<u>\$ 63,820</u>	<u>\$ 86,726</u>	<u>\$ (74,063)</u>	<u>\$ 76,483</u>	<u>\$ 19,121</u>

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

N) Implementation of New Pronouncement

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 100 – *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. This statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. For additional information, refer to Note 10.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 10,392,587</u>
---------------------------	----------------------

Cash and investments consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	<u>\$ 10,392,587</u>
--------------------------------------	----------------------

The remainder of this page left intentionally blank.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Authority's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the Authority's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the Authority's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Percentage of Portfolio ⁽¹⁾	Investment in One Issuer
Local agency bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. agency securities	5 years	None	None
State of California notes/bonds	5 years	None	None
Banker's acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Prime commercial paper ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse repurchase agreements	92 days	20% of Base Value	None
Medium - Term Notes ⁽³⁾	5 years	30%	None
Mutual funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money market mutual funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage pass-through securities	5 years	20%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$75m

⁽¹⁾ Excluding amounts held by bond trustee that are not subject to California Government Code Restrictions.

⁽²⁾ U.S. Corporation with assets greater than \$500 million.

⁽³⁾ Rated "A" or better by Moody's or S&P.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Authority's investment policy.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Authority manages its exposure to interest rates risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Authority contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the Government Code.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the Authority's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2024, no deposits of the Authority with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in uncollateralized accounts. As of June 30, 2024, the Airport held no investments.

The remainder of this page left intentionally blank.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

	Beginning balance	Restatements	Increases	Decreases	Ending balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 36,221,477	\$ (13,998,286)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,223,191
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	36,221,477	(13,998,286)	-	-	22,223,191
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Building and improvements	27,679,399	-	-	-	27,679,399
Vehicles	36,352	-	-	-	36,352
Infrastructure	2,110,182	-	-	-	2,110,182
Total capital assets, being depreciated	29,825,933	-	-	-	29,825,933
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	(7,630,497)	-	(743,433)	-	(8,373,930)
Vehicles	(10,819)	-	(5,192)	-	(16,011)
Infrastructure	(562,716)	-	(35,170)	-	(597,886)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,204,032)	-	(783,795)	-	(8,987,827)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	21,621,901	-	(783,795)	-	20,838,106
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 57,843,378	\$ (13,998,286)	\$ (783,795)	\$ -	\$ 43,061,297

NOTE 4: LEASES

The Authority has entered into several leases with various other entities. The leases vary in length from 87 months to 516 months. During the year, the Authority recognized \$65,196 and \$464,988 in interest and lease revenue, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources related to leases were \$76,521,817, respectively.

NOTE 5: ADVANCES PAYABLE

The Airport received temporary cash advances from the primary government (March Joint Powers Authority) to fund administrative costs until development of the March Inland Port reaches a point that it is self-sustaining. There is no stipulated due date on the \$2,687,896 advance amount. The \$2,687,896 advance is made up of several advances from previous years. Of this amount, \$597,896 is non-interest bearing and the amount of \$2,090,000 carries an interest rate of 5%. The outstanding interest related to the advances is \$1,776,867.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 6: PENSION PLAN

The Airport participates in the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of California covering all of its permanent employees. The excess, if any, of the actuarially computed value of vested benefits over the amounts available in the pension fund would be a liability of the March Joint Powers Authority as a whole, not of the Airport. Information regarding the plan description, funding status, actuarially determined contribution requirements and contributions made, and trend information may be found in the March Joint Powers Authority basic financial statements.

The Airport's share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2024 was \$656,198, with related deferred outflows of resources of \$291,870 and deferred inflows of resources of \$26,529.

NOTE 7: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The Airport participates in the Public Agency portion of the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust Fund (CERBT), administered by California Public Employees' Retirement System covering all eligible retired employees and qualified dependents. The excess, if any, of the actuarially computed value of vested benefits over the amounts available in the CERBT fund would be a liability of the March Joint Powers Authority as a whole, not of the Airport. Information regarding the plan description, funding status, actuarially determined contribution requirements and contributions made, and trend information may be found in the March Joint Powers Authority basic financial statements.

The Airport's share of the net OPEB asset at June 30, 2024 was \$8,121, with related deferred outflows of resources of \$49,158 and deferred inflows of resources of \$50,594.

NOTE 8: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Awards

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, however, the Airport believes that such disallowances, if any, would not be significant. Grant purchased or contributed properties, when sold, are required to be used for airport operations.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 8: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

March Inland Port Airport Authority – Joint Use Agreement with United States Air Force

On February 21, 2001, the March Inland Port Airport Authority (MIPAA) entered into a Joint Use Agreement (JUA) with the United States Air Force (Air Force) for the joint use of flying facilities at March Air Reserve Base (MARB), California. The agreement was later amended in 2008 and then again in 2014 to reflect changes in operations and fee structure at the joint use airport. Under the terms of the agreement, the Air Force authorizes civil aircraft operations at MARB, subject to compliance with Federal Aviation Administration Regulations, Air Force Instructions and other applicable laws and regulations. The jointly used flying facilities (JUFF) include runways, taxiways, lighting systems, navigational aids, and related infrastructure.

In consideration for the use of the JUFF, MIPAA is responsible for providing, at its own expense, all necessary support facilities for civil aircraft operations, including parking, fueling, and vehicle parking. MIPAA is also responsible for maintenance, repairs, and compliance with environmental, air quality, and noise mitigation requirements, as well as security and safety obligations. The Air Force retains priority for military operations and may temporarily suspend civil operations for maintenance or emergencies.

Under current JUA terms, MIPAA is required to pay the Air Force an annual fee of \$25,000 for aircraft weighing less than 40,000 pounds, and landing fees for aircraft weighing more than 40,000 pounds. The fees are to reimburse the Air Force for MIPAA's fair share of maintenance and repairs on the JUFF, and payments are subject to annual inflation. Aircraft on official government business are not subject to these fees. Reimbursement payments would be required of MIPAA for any services provided by the Air Force that support civilian operations at the airport such as aircraft repair and fire protection.

Pursuant to Section 15 of the JUA, major repair projects or new construction required for the JUFF are not included under this agreement and will be subject to separate negotiations and written agreements between the local leadership of MARB and MIPAA. The JUA has a term of 25 years, with an automatic 15-year extension if MIPAA remains in compliance, and may be renegotiated, suspended, or terminated under certain conditions, including military necessity or violation of agreement terms.

No provision has been made for these commitments on the financial statements, as the obligations are contingent upon ongoing operations and future events.

NOTE 9: FAA OPERATIONAL GRANTS AND RELATED EXPENDITURES

During the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2024, the Airport incurred \$713,244 in eligible operational expenses reimbursed under various FAA grants. These expenses included the Taxiway Realignment Project (\$523,545), and the Master Plan Project (\$189,699). The related grant revenue is presented as non-operating revenue.

MARCH INLAND PORT AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2024

NOTE 10: PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT – CORRECTION OF AN ERROR

As discussed in Note 1, the Authority implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. In accordance with the provisions of GASB 100, the Authority is required to correct errors by restating prior period financial statements.

During the implementation, the Authority identified an error related to capital assets. Specifically, land previously included in the Authority's capital asset records had been transferred in prior years but was not removed from the financial records. This resulted in an overstatement of capital assets and net position in previously issued financial statements.

Accordingly, the beginning net position as of June 30, 2023, has been restated to correct this error. The impact of the restatement is summarized as follows:

Net position, as previously reported	\$ 61,989,035
Restatement for correction of an error	<u>(13,998,286)</u>
Net position, as restated	<u>\$ 47,990,749</u>